FROM RUSSIA WITH RICO (AND PATRIOTISM TOO):

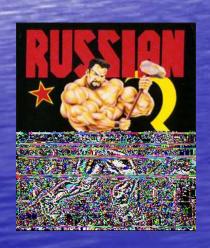
THE BROAD JURISDICTION OF THE UNITED STATES OVER CIVIL AND CRIMINAL CASES INVOLVING MONEY LAUNDERING

Anti-Money Laundering Workshop Moscow April 8, 2003



- I. Patriot Act: Introduction
- II. Provisions against money laundering which already existed before the passage of the Patriot Act
 - A. RICO
 - B. reporting requirements for financial institutions
- III. Changes introduced by the Act





- A. toughened regulation of financial institutions
- B. new criminal penalties
- C. expanded U.S. jurisdiction
- IV. Ramifications for Russian businesses
- IV. Patriot Act: Conclusion

I. INTRODUCTION

Title I

- enhanced domestic security against terrorism
- counterterrorism fund
- increased funding for technical needs of the FBI
- issues of military assistance in emergencies
- network of electronic crime task forces
- amended International Emergency Powers Act

Title II

- enhanced government's powers in conducting surveillance
- amended provisions of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978
- expended investigatory powers of the FBI
- amended Communications Act and Title 18 of the U.S. Code
- amended procedural standards for conducting judicial actions in relation to terrorism
- amended Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000

Title III

combating international money laundering activities



Title IV

- protection of the U.S. borders
 - U.S. Department of State
 - Immigration & Naturalization Service
- modified *habeas corpus* and judicial review procedures
- amended Immigration and Nationality Act of 1952

Title V

removed obstacles to investigating terrorism

Title VI

aid to victims of terrorist activities

Title VII

 increased information sharing between federal, state and local law enforcement agencies

Title VIII

- strengthened criminal laws against terrorist activities
- expanded criminal jurisdiction of U.S. courts to certain crimes committed abroad
- changed statutes regarding protection from nuclear and biological threats

Title IX

improved intelligence procedures

Title X

miscellaneous technical and procedural issues

II. Provisions against money laundering which already existed before the passage of the Patriot Act

A. RICO – the Racketeer Influenced Corrupt Organizations Act

B. reporting requirements for financial institutions

* Bank Secrecy Act/Currency and Financial Transactions Act

III. Changes introduced by the Act

- A. toughened regulation of financial institutions
- B. new criminal penalties
- C. expanded U.S. jurisdiction



Problem:

MONEY LAUNDERING





Solution:

SUE THE CORPORATE ORGANIZERS



Problem:

MONEY LAUNDERING

Solution:

SUE THE BANKERS



I. RICO: JURISDICTION

A. RICO: JURISDICTct Matter

II. RICO

- A. Enterprise and Person
- B. "Conduct or Participate" and "Continuity"
- C. Pattern of Racketeering Activity



- 1. mail and wire fraud
- 2. money laundering
- 3. transactions with property derived from illegal activity
- 4. violation of the travel act

III. LITIGATION IN THE UNITED STATES
IV. RICO: CONCLUSION

General Advice: DO NOT ENGAGE IN MONEY LAUNDERING



Specific Advice: IF YOU DO ENGAGE IN MONEY LAUNDERING:



- √ Do not engage in Dollar denominated transactions which are wired through banks in the United States
- √ Do not make telephone calls or send faxes to the United States
- √ Do not travel to the United States
- √ Get a good lawyer

